

Clean Air Techniek B.V.

User manual

English Version 5.0



Series DLF & PCR

Laminar downflow-cabinet

Types:

DLF PCR 360

DLF 360

DLF 460

DLF 560

DLF 660

Offers protection for product

Before using the cabinet, please read this manual carefully. The required instructions have to be carried out first.

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Preface

Clean Air provides a complete range Laminar Airflow Cabinets for handling of non-hazardous materials, which require a clean particle free environment. The cabinets offer the highest product protection. The vertical airflow prevents contaminated outside air to enter the workstation's work area, ensuring product protection.

Its application is in the field of pharmaceutical industry, biotechnology, pharmacies, hospital and university laboratories as well as tissue culture and electronic laboratories.

The DLF is a high-quality product constructed with high-grade components and materials, with new techniques, such as:

- Microprocessor control with a LCD display for the interface with the user;
- Automatic up speeding fan; when there is increasing resistance in the filter the necessary airspeeds are maintained;
- User friendly window construction with a hinge or slide mechanism easy to operate;
- Working surface is standard in RVS 304;
- All internal areas of the working space are in line with the effective HEPA filter area, to obtain a laminar flow.

The DLF PCR 360 is specially developed for optimizing PCR conditions. The Cabinet is equiped with an UV disinfection UV tube, hourcounter, stainless steel worksurface and back and sidewalls, nightdoor and a poly carbonate (Lexan) hinge window.

Furthermore the DLF is a service friendly cabinet, produced in The Netherlands.

We thank you for buying this cabinet and wish you good times working with this Cabinet.

Clean Air Techniek B.V.

Version table

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Clean Air Techniek B.V. is entitled to change parts on each desired moment, without preceding or direct notification of the customer. The content of this user manual can be changed without preceding warning as well. For information concerning maintenance activities or repairs which are not mentioned in the user manual, please contact the service organization.

This user manual has been put together with all possible care, but Clean Air Techniek B.V. cannot take the responsibility for possible mistakes in this user manual or for the consequences of it.



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1 Introduction

1.1 DLF

The laminar downflow-cabinet DLF has as purpose that the working surface is kept clear of particles by means of a clean laminar downflow of air. By applying a HEPA-filter (High Efficiency Particulate Air) it is possible to work in this cabinet under conditions which are sterile, dust-free, or aseptic. The cabinet, therefore, offers a product protection.

Short description of the DLF

- At the top of the cabinet the inflow air is drawn through a pre-filter by a fan. This fan blows the air in the correct proportion to the downflow HEPAfilter. Because the downflow air passed through a HEPA-filter (High Efficiency Particulate Air), the working surface is free of particles.
- This airflow is laminar, the airflow has got no turbulence and has got a constant air speed.
- The airflow in the workspace is downwards, thus preventing background air to flow into the class A workspace.
- The air flow leaves the cabinet by the work opening and the slots under in the back wall.

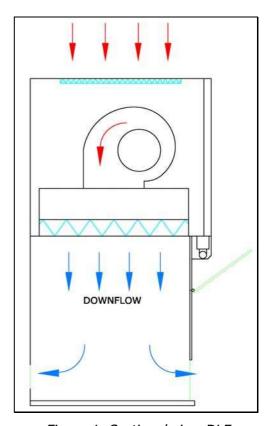


Figure 1: Sectional view DLF



2 Safety regulations

ATTENTION!

Before starting service with the cabinet always ask the responsible person if there is no danger for the service engineer, labor personnel, the laboratory and the surrounding of the cabinet.

2.1 Use in conformity with regulations

Personnel that is not properly informed about the safety regulation and/or does not meet the requirements mentioned in $\S2.3$ Authorized persons on page 7, is not allowed to use the cabinet. Improper use of the cabinet is not allowed.

2.2 Modifications and changes to the cabinet

In order to operate the cabinet safely changes and/or alterations shall only be made by Clean Air Techniek B.V., or shall be made after consultation with and permission in writing from Clean Air Techniek B.V. If modifications and changes are made on own initiative, without permission from Clean Air Techniek B.V., the parts of the cabinet concerned are no longer covered by the warranty. Clean Air Techniek B.V. cannot be held liable for the consequences of the modifications and the dangers, which might possibly occur as a result. The modifications mentioned here include the connection of the cabinet to an exhaust system.

2.3 Authorized persons

Operating the cabinet

The cabinet shall only be used by personnel which:

- is familiar with the content, regulations and warnings which are mentioned in the user manual;
- is familiar with how to operate the cabinet;
- is familiar with the start up procedure, the stop procedure and knows how to react in case of emergency;
- is familiar with the regulations to keep the safety in all circumstances;
- is capable to end a disturbance.

Maintenance and repairs general

Maintenance shall only be performed by qualified service engineers, who are sufficiently trained by Clean Air Techniek B.V. to:

- Estimate and avoid the dangers of the cabinet;
- Estimate the consequences of their actions.
- Before starting maintenance to the cabinet (mechanical and/or electric) disconnect the power supply. Pay attention to rotating parts, after switching off the cabinet the fans will still rotate for a while.



Maintenance and repair of the electrical cabinet

Maintenance shall only be performed by professional electro-technical service engineers, who are sufficiently trained by Clean Air Techniek B.V. when:

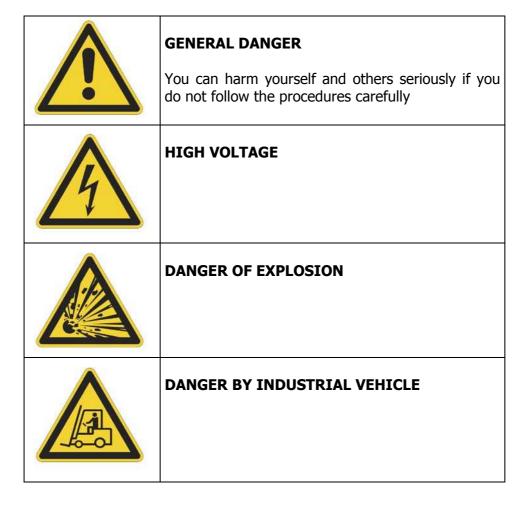
- They can estimate and avoid the dangers of the cabinet;
- They can estimate the consequences of their actions;
- They are sufficiently informed about the operation of the cabinet and the operation of the subsystems.

2.4 General safety aspects

- The cabinet shall never be used unless the fan is switched into work mode, the window is in working position and there is no alarm.
- 2. It is strongly advised not to slide or hinge the window out of the working position, during working with the cabinet. When it is necessary to increase the work opening, this interruption needs to be as short as possible.
- 3. When the cabinet is not used, the cabinet should be switched in to power-save mode or closed/covered, to prevent that dust particles etc. from the room can get into the cabinet.
- 4. Always try to limit the amount of equipment in the workroom. Each object in the workroom will disturb the pattern of the airflow and a large number of equipment may lead to serious disruptions.
- 5. Never cover the slots of the side walls during workmode, since no protection can be quaranteed.
- 6. It's is important that the cabinets will be kept clean. Even the smallest contamination which is not visible will be easily forgotten. It is important to clean often the working area, especially the work top.
- 7. Be careful with flammable liquids such as alcohol. The airflow is in the direction of the person, so be very careful, or even better; prevent to use this kind of liquids.
- 8. The use of hand gloves and over sleeves is recommended.
- 9. Always use a chair with the correct height.
- 10. Transport and installation of the cabinet is only allowed for authorized staff. Please contact the manufacturer or the seller of the products



2.5 Explanation user safety symbols





Cabinet 3



GENERAL DANGER

Be careful: high centre of gravity, crossover point.

The cabinet must be installed in a safe way. Clean Air Techniek B.V. supplies an optional support frame, which is designed for this purpose.

When the cabinet is purchased without a support frame, it is advised to discuss the installation with the supplier.

Assembly-instruction 3.1

The cabinet has to be placed on the support frame recommended by the supplier. The assembly needs to be done as specified in instruction underneath.

Assembly support frame (Optional)

Build the support frame (see also Appendix I: Support frame DLF on page 50 for an explaining drawing):

- Mount the support yokes (Pos. 1) to the reinforcement plate (Pos. 3;
- Mount the feet support (Pos. 2);
- Position the covers (Pos. 7) and adjusting feet (Pos. 8).

Placing the cabinet

Place the cabinet right on the forks of a forklift truck or lifting platform;



DANGER BY INDUSTRIAL VEHICLE

Be careful: Make sure the cabinet cannot slide from the forks.

- Move the cabinet to the correct height and position, perform this action as precise as possible above the support frame;
- The weight must be equally divided between the both forks and the cabinet must be horizontal levelled;
- The cabinet should be aligned with the support frame. The two cones on top of the yokes will help aligning;
- Mount the cabinet to the support frame by means of the two screws (Pos. 6).
- Connect the powerplug to a grounded socket that is easy accessible.

In case of maintenance the cabinet must be completely free of voltage. This means that the connector in the socket must be easy to reach, otherwise a main-switch must be mounted between the cabinet and the power supply so that the cabinet can be cut off of the power-circuit.

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3.2 Transport instructions

Before moving the cabinet make sure the power cable is disconnected of the power supply The cabinet must be transported on a strong solid pallet.

After every transport the cabinet must be tested and calibrated.



GENERAL DANGER

Be careful: High center of gravity, crossover point.

3.3 Dismantling & Disposal

For dismantling and disposal follow the next instructions:

- See §7.1 Cleaning the installation on page 42;
- See §8.2 Replacement of the pre-filter on page 43;
- See Appendix II: Replacement of the HEPA-filters on page 51;
- Break the unit down into its component parts. You can re-cycle these components parts, dispose of them in accordance with local requirements.

For advice or information about dismantling or disposal please contact Clean Air Techniek B.V.

4 Product description

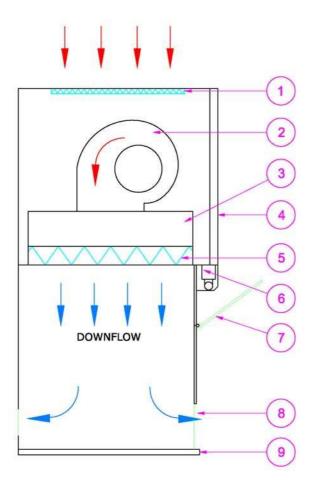


Figure 2 Sectional view DLF

Partlist:

- 1. Pre-filter
- 2. Fan
- 3. Plenum-construction
- 4. Front panel
- 5. Downflow HEPA-filter
- 6. Lighting
- 7. Hinge/slide window
- 8. Front aperture
- 9. Worktop

4.1 Type plate

On type plate (right upper side) there are instructions that are important for the connection of the cabinet.

4.2 Hinge-slide window (Custom preference)

The hinge-slide window (Figure 2, Pos 7) is a tightly closing, manually operated glass or plastic window. The window can be hinged or slid up or down depending on the chosen option. The window can be opened or closed.

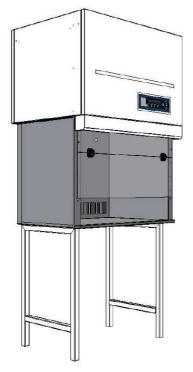


Figure 3 Option hinged window



Figure 4 Option sliding window

4.3 Top/front panel

Behind the top panel a number of electrical components are mounted.

Interface board, including fan control

On the front panel (Figure 2, Pos 4). is mounted:

Operating panel / operating board

To check one of these components, you need to remove the pre-filter.

4.4 Worktop

The workroom contains a stainless steel (304) worktop (Figure 2, Pos 9).

4.5 Plenum-construction

The plenum-construction (Figure 2, Pos 3) equalizes the air trough the downflow filter.



4.6 Downflow filter

The downflow HEPA-filter* (Figure 2, Pos 5) has a very high efficiency: Class H14 in accordance with EN1822. After assembling, each filter will be tested separately. Through the service panel on the top the downflow filter can be reached.

*) High Efficiency Particulate Air filter

4.7 Pre-filter

The pre-filter (Figure 2, Pos 1) is a filtercassette in the class G4 accordance with EN779. Furthermore the pre-filter will enhance the life span of the HEPA-filter significantly.

4.8 Support frame (optional)

For a stable positioning of the cabinet we recommend the use of a support frame. For a good ergonomic work position the use foot support is present. In addition, it is recommended to use an in height adjustable, well disinfectable, chair to optimize the work position. See Appendix I: Support frame DLF on page 50.

4.9 Main power connection

The main power connection is positioned on the top of the cabinet. The power cable length is maximum 3 meters and should always be accessible. See technical specifications for details.

4.10 Electronics

The electronics (Figure 2, Pos 4) consists of:

- Operational print; positioned in the top hood behind the operating panel;
- Control print, positioned under the top hood, behind the safety-cover, including:
 - Fuse holders (see §9.2 on page 47 for fuse-numbers).
 - o Fan control. The control is free adjustable in the range between 0% and 100%
 - An Air velocity compensating microprocessor regulates the fan speed to compensate for main power fluctuations and filter pollution.
 - Independent potential free output contact (interface board connector J6).
 See Interface board on page 55.
 - o Main filter
 - Light ballast + starter for UV (Option)
 - Light ballast for FL-light

4.11 Operating panel

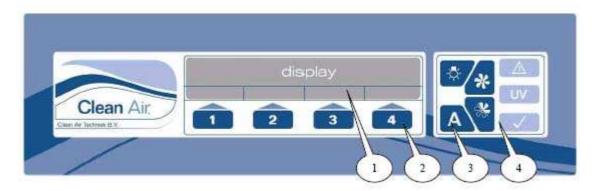


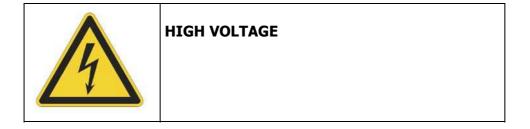
Figure 5: Operating panel

The operating panel (Figure 5, Figure 2, Pos 4) consist of:

- 1- Display;
- 2- Function keys (4x);
- 3- Fixed keys (4x);
- 4- Signals.

4.12 FL-lighting

The Fluorescent-Lighting (Figure 2, Pos 6) is mounted in the Light unit.



4.13 Fan

The electric driven double suction fan (Figure 2, Pos 2) is maintenance-free.

4.14 Optional features

Gas connection

This connection is assembled together with a gas tap. Normally, both the inlet and outlet gas connections are hose connections, suitable for hoses with an inner diameter of 10 mm. All connections on the gas supply have to be done with a certified gas hose.

After the connection on the gas supply, the gas connections have to be tested on leakage by a certified installer.



Positions of the supply connection

- The connection, that is located inside the installation, is standard assembled on the back part inside the work space of the cabinet.
- The connection, that is located outside the installation, is standard assembled in the back of the installation.

Bunsen burner set

Recommended to apply is the Fuego Bunsen burner, available at Clean Air Techniek B.V.

Positions of the supply connection

The connection is standard through the workopening.

Vacuum/ O₂/ N₂ and compressed air connections

These connections are always assembled in combination with a tap.

Positions of the supply connection

- The connection, that is located inside the installation, is standard assembled in combination with a tap in the back panel of the workspace.
- The connection, that is located outside the installation, is standard assembled in the back of the installation.

UV-Radiator

The UV radiator is meant for disinfecting the working surface of the cabinet.

When the UV-radiator is on, the TL lighting will be switched off. The UV radiator may only be switched on when the work space of the cabinet is entirely closed, this makes sure that the user will not get in contact with UV-C radiation. Close the window and block the front aperture (a special night door can be ordered for this purpose) and block the slots in the backwall.



DANGER FOR BURNING

Avoid direct contact with UV-C radiation. This causes burns to the skin and eyes.

- DANGER -UV-C RADIATION PROTECT EYES AND SKIN





The UV light can be switched on and off on the display (see §5.8 on page 23). It is also possible to adjust the UV disinfection, for each day a certain disinfection period can be defined (see §5.11 on page 25).



Do not touch the UV-lamp with the hand and keep the lamp fat free; otherwise the lifetime will decrease. The UV-light must be cleaned with alcohol (70%) regularly (switch off the installation). See §7.2 on page 42.

When the UV is switched on, the UV hour counter counts the lighting period. UV-lamps have, depending on fabricate and type, a limit in effective running hours. Replace the lamp frequently. See Appendix XII: TUV Low Pressure Mercury Lamps (Optional) on page 67 for more information.

Sockets

The sockets are mounted on the back wall of the working area.

They can be operated at the control panel. See "Technical specifications" on page 46 for electrical details.

Alternative Options

Please contact Clean Air Techniek B.V. for information about alternative options.



5 Control

5.1 Using the cabinet

Check if the information on the type plate is corresponding to the main power connection. Connect the cabinet to the main connection by putting the plug into a grounded socket that is easy accessible.

5.2 Window (Slide or Hinge)

The hinge or slide window can be in several positions, see Figure 6 Window positions.

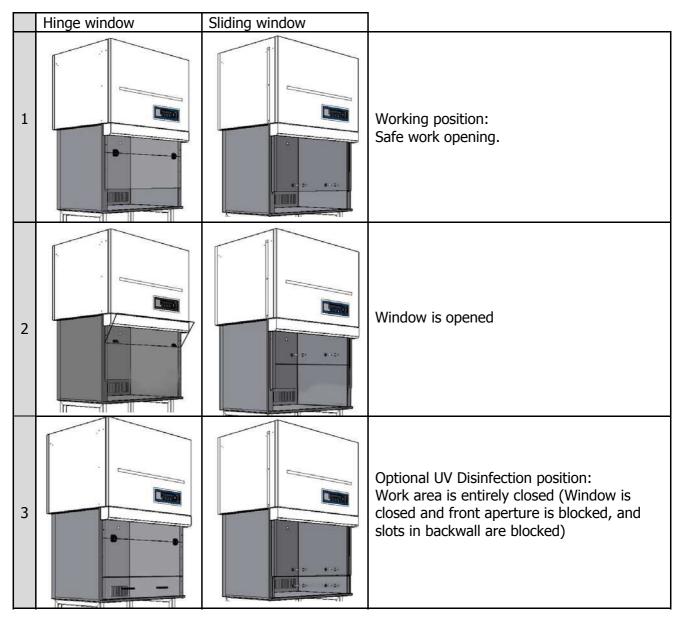


Figure 6 Window positions



Slide the window

To slide the window, both handles need to be used.

When the window is not in the working position, the specifications of the cabinet cannot be granted.

Hinge the window

To hinge the window, both hands need to be used.

When the window is not in the working position, the specifications of the cabinet cannot be granted.

5.3 Display interface

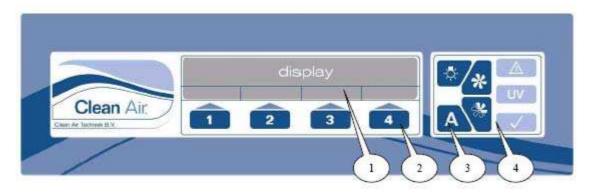


Figure 7 Display Interface

The operating panel (*Figure 5* and *Figure 7*) consists of:

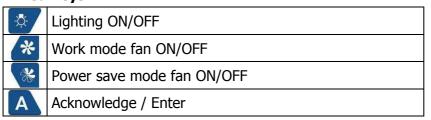
- 1. Display;
- 2. Function keys (4x);
- 3. Fixed keys (4x);
- 4. Signals.

Display:

The display has 4 lines, the lowest line gives the description of the function key underneath.



Fixed keys:





Function keys:

The function of keys 1, 2, 3 and 4 is variable. In the last line of the display the function is shown.

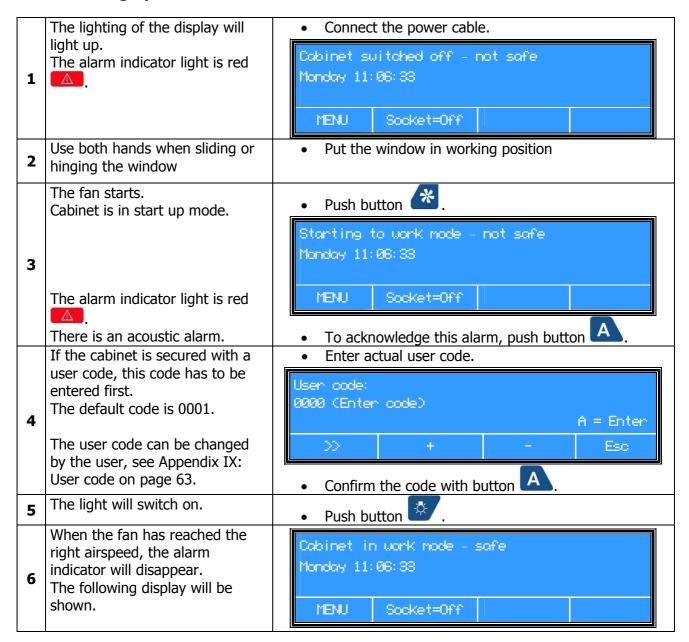
Signals:

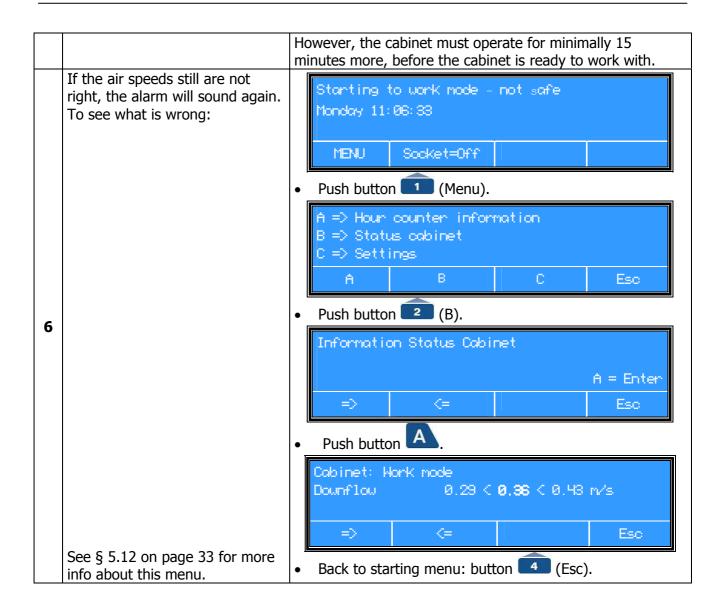
	Alarm: Confirmed alarm state Alarm, flashing (along with acoustic signal): Actual alarm
UV	UV: Indication UV-light switched on
	OK: Safe user mode

All equipment and, if possible, all materials required for working with the cabinet need to be placed into the installation before starting up the cabinet.

Be careful: keep the safety regulations in consideration.

5.4 Starting up the cabinet





5.5 Locking functions cabinet

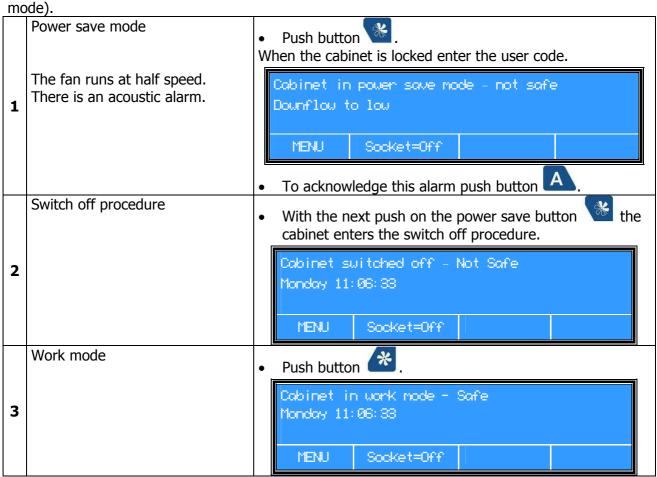
(Only when the locking function is activated)

1	The cabinet will lock its functions after being 5 minutes in work position.	When, within these 5 minutes, an arbitrary button is pushed (e.g. lighting) the timer starts counting again.
2	From this moment the fan- buttons are not available anymore. The user code has to be entered to make the functions available again.	Cabinet in work mode - Safe Monday 11:06:33 Cabinet is locked with pincode MENU Socket=Off See Appendix IX: User code on page 63.
3	If the cabinet has to be locked immediately after entering the code:	Push button
4	To unlock the cabinet, the user code has to be entered again.	See Appendix IX: User code on page 63.



5.6 Power save mode

When not using the cabinet for a short period of time, put it in the power save mode. The fan will run at half speed to save energy (synonyms for power save mode are standby mode or night



5.7 Turn off

Remove all materials en accessories from the working area. Remove all spilled liquids and other parts in a responsible manner, according to the regulations.

1	The display will ask for the user code (only when the user code is activated).	•	Push button to turn off the cabinet.
2	The fan will be switched off.	•	Enter the user code and push button A. Cabinet switched off - Not Safe Monday 11:06:33 MENU Socket=Off



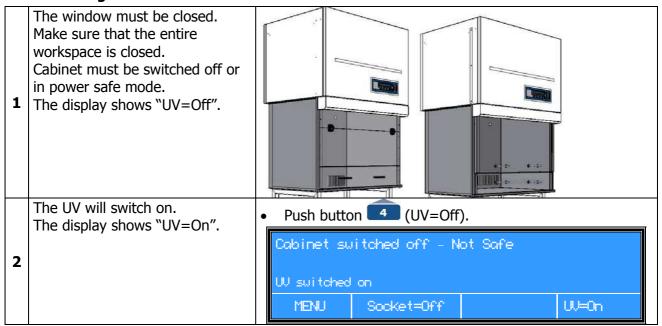
5.8 Control UV (optional)

The UV-function is only visible if this option is installed. If not installed the function at the display is invisible.

The UV-function may only be switched on with a completely closed workspace. See UV-Radiator on page 16)

This prevents direct contact on the skin or eyes of the personnel.

Switching UV on



Switching UV off



FL (Fluoresced lamp)-Lighting and UV cannot be switched on both at the same time. As a safety precaution, one of them will automatically switch off.

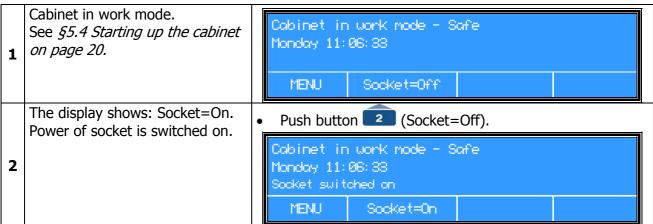
5.9 Control sockets (Optional)

The sockets can always be switched on and off. If the cabinet is switched off, the sockets are automatically switched off. Also if the cabinet is switched from work mode into power save mode, the sockets are automatically switched off.

See technical specification (see §9.2 General specifications on page 46) for maximum voltage and current (fuses).



Switching socket on



Switching socket off



5.10 Menu functions

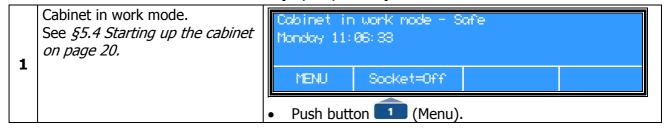
From the main menu you can go to: § 5.11 General information, § 5.12 Information about the status of the cabinet and § 5.13 information about the settings.

5.11 General Information

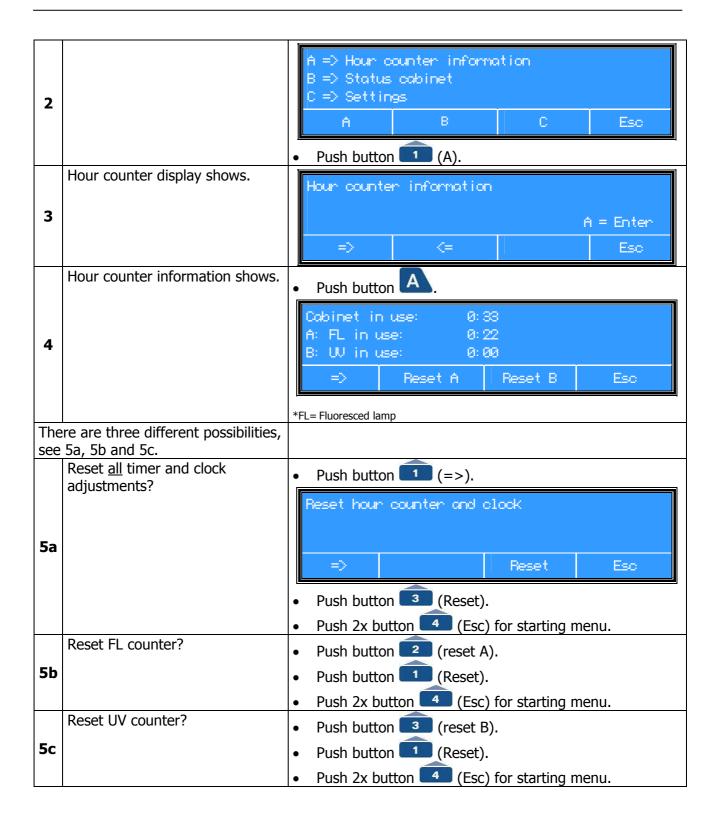
In general information more details are given about:

- Hour counter information and reset (FL, UV, Timer)
- Set up 7 days clock UV
- Set up socket 7 days clock
- Set up cabinet 7 days clock
- Set Actual time

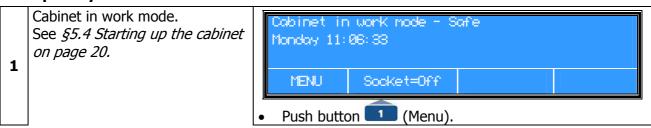
Hour counter information and reset (FL, UV, Timer)

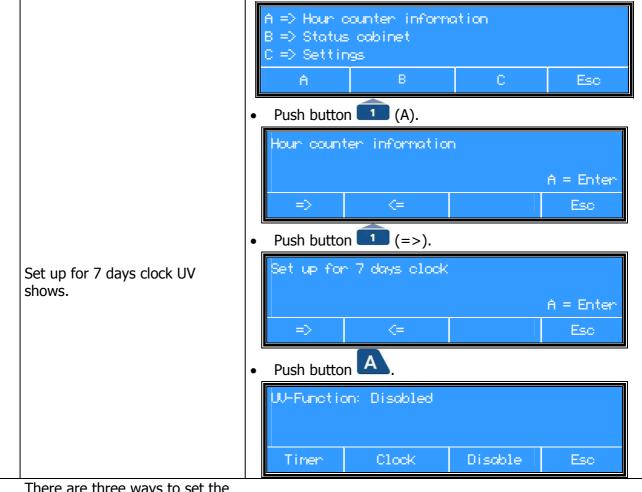






Set up 7 days clock UV





There are three ways to set the UV:

- 2a. Timer
- 2b. 7 days clock
- 2c. Disable

Timer

The timer sets a period until the UV turns off.

Push button (Timer), to set up the timer.

Push button (Change), to change the time.

The value can be changed by pushing button (>>), (2) (+) or (3) (-).

Acknowledge the setting with button (Esc) for starting menu.

Clock (7 days clock)

With the clock function, for each day of the week, you can set a variable period for the UV to be switched on. Keep in mind, you have to set the starting hour and starting minute for each day separately! For detailed information regarding programming this menu, see

- Push button (Clock), to set up the 7 days clock.
- Push button (Change), to change starting time en ending time.
- The value can be changed by pushing button (>>), (>>) (+) or (>>).
- Acknowledge the setting with button

A



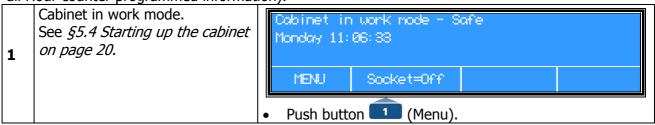
	§5.10 Set up 7 days clock UV on page 25 .	•	Push 2x button (Esc) for starting menu.	
		Se	e also the <i>Example on page 27</i> .	
	Disable			
2c	By pushing on "Disable" the UV can only be turned on and off	•	Push button (Disable), to set the UV manually. Push 2x button (Esc) for starting menu.	
	manually.		(Esc) for starting menu.	

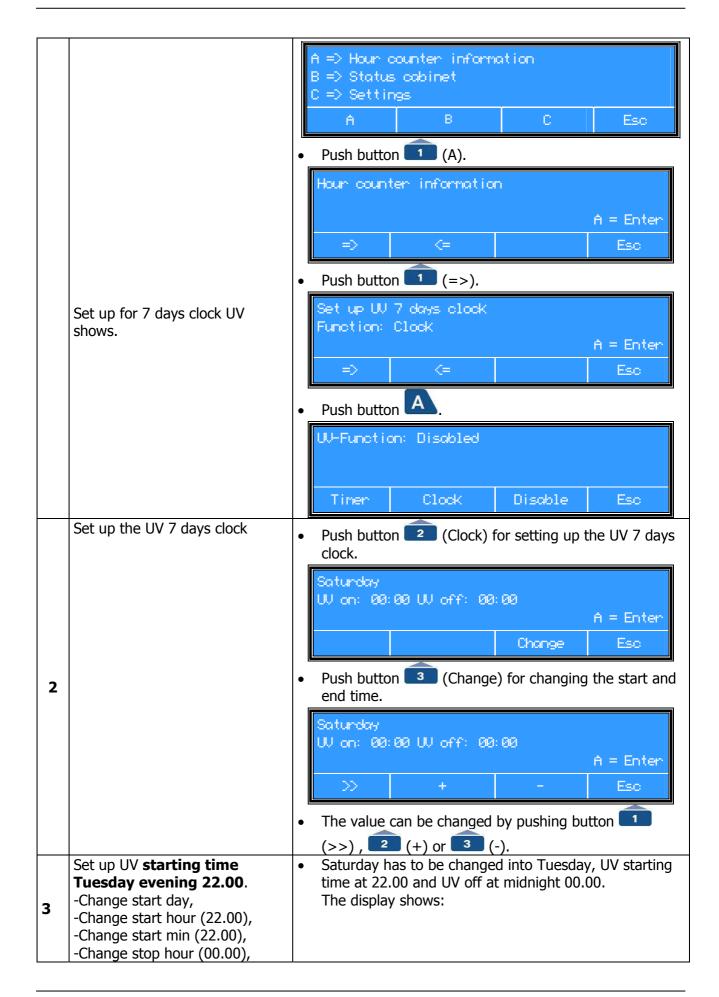
Please select not only a starting time, but also an ending time for every programmed day. Otherwise the UV will stay on until 00:00 h and only then turn off. See also the *Example on page 27.*

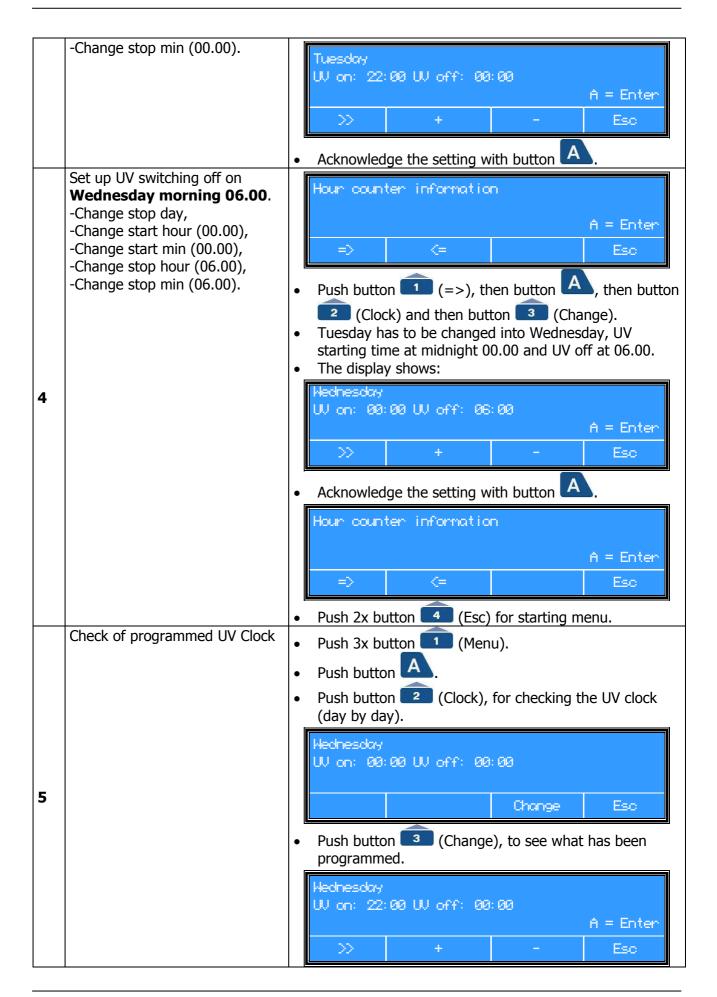
Example

Programming the 7 days clock UV will be given as an example. Switch on the UV Tuesday evening 22.00 and switch off the UV Wednesday morning 06.00.

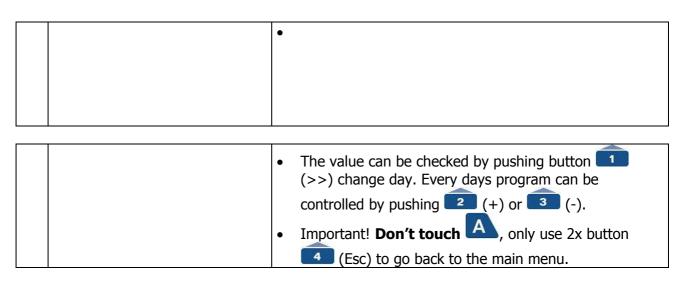
(See §5.10 Hour counter information and reset (FL, UV, Timer) point 5a on page 24, for deleting all Hour counter programmed information).

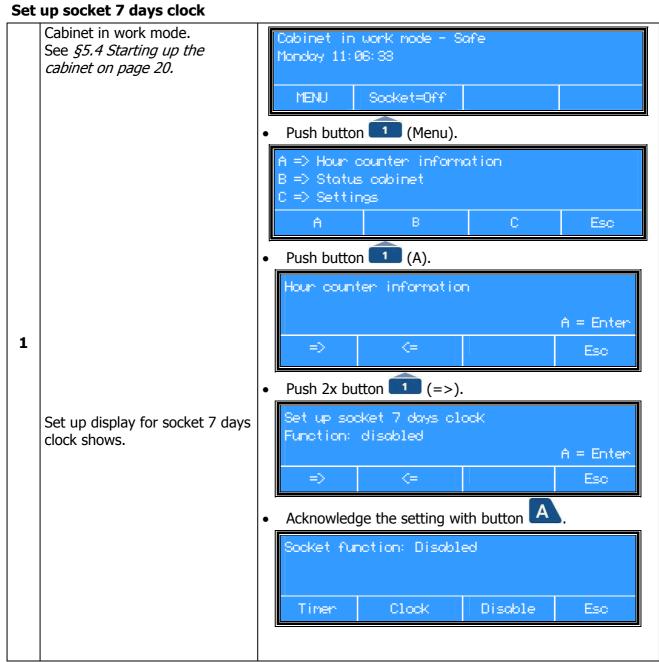














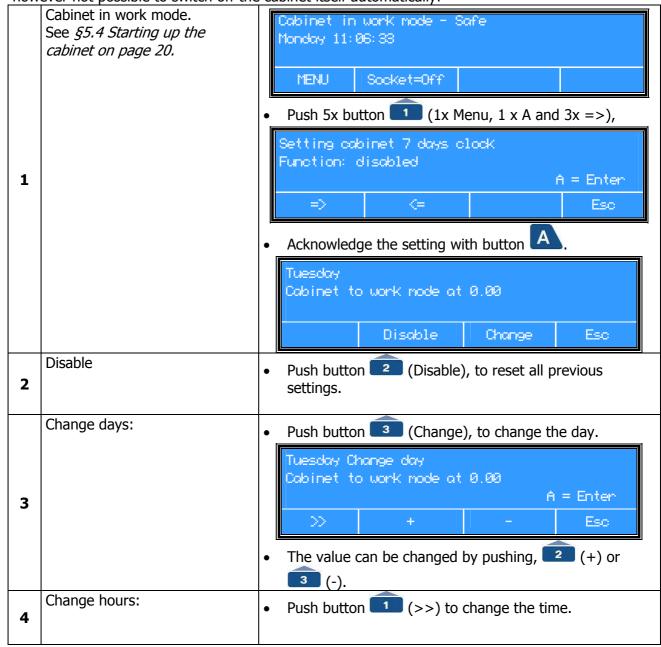
There are three ways to set the sockets:

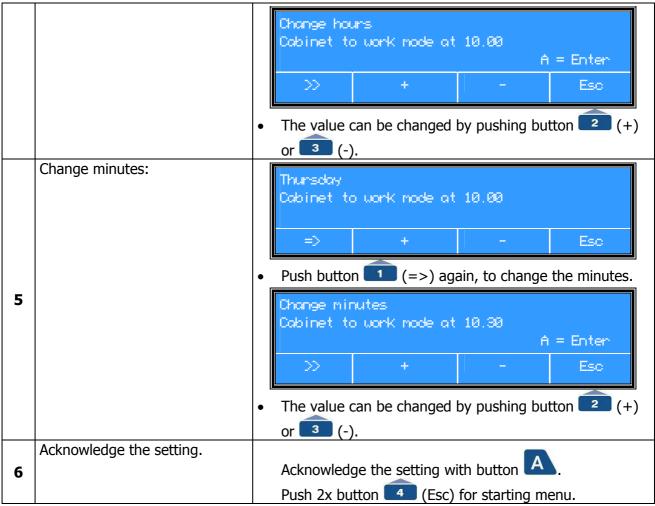
- Timer
- 7 days clock
- Disable

	See §5.10 Set up 7 days clock UV on page 25 and further.	The timer function needs to be activated first, otherwise the sockets will not switch on.
1 _	· -	Sockets will flot switch on.
2	See also the <i>Example for</i>	
	programming the UV-lamp on	
	page 27.	

Set up cabinet 7 days clock

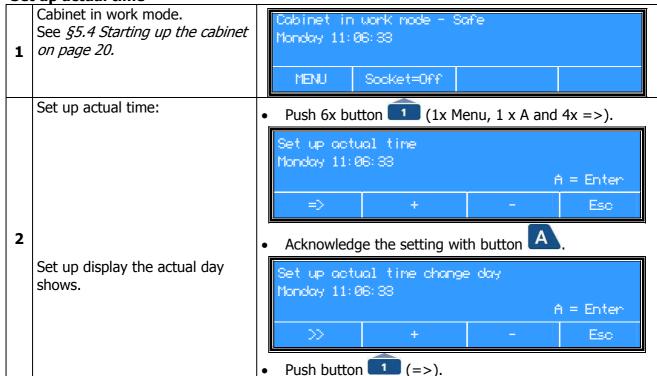
With this menu it is possible to program an automatic switch action on of the cabinet. It is however not possible to switch off the cabinet itself automatically!





For more days / hours / minutes, walk again through the menu and confirm each time.

Set up actual time



		•	The day can be changed by pushing button (+) or (-).
3	Change hours/min/sec: Set up display set up the actual time shows.	•	Push button (>>) again. The hours/min/sec can be changed by pushing button (+) or (-).
4	Acknowledge the settings	•	Acknowledge the setting with button A. Push 2x button (Esc) for starting menu.

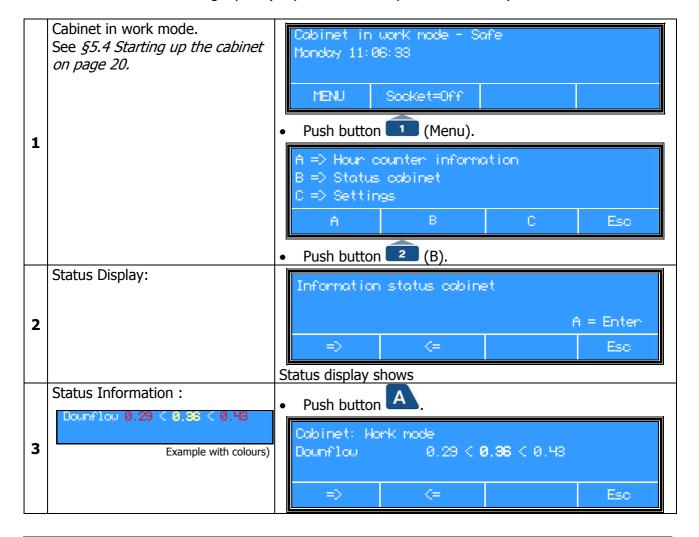
Actual time appears when there are no more alarms.

In case of power failure, actual time is kept in memory for one month.

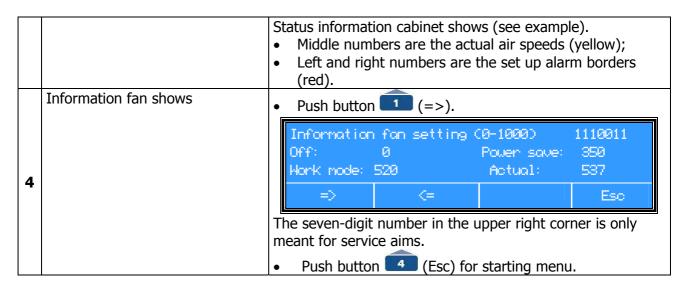
5.12 Information status cabinet

In this menu the settings of the cabinet can be checked to inform service personnel. In information status more details are given about:

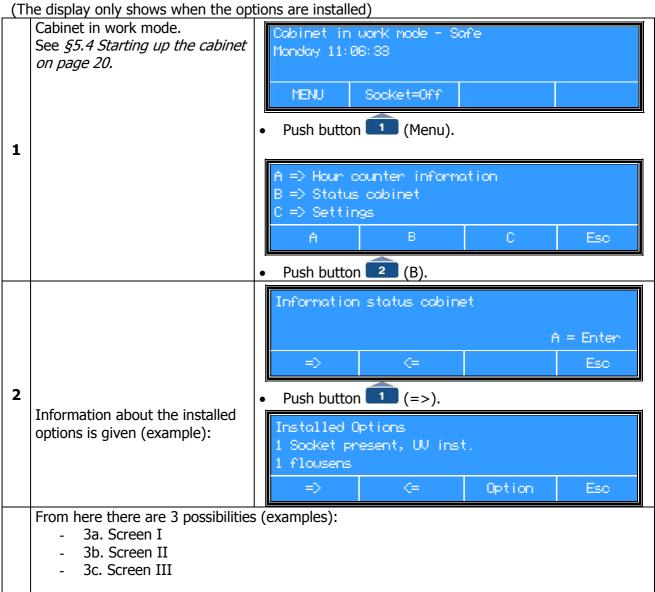
- Actual velocities, alarm setting and fan settings
- Information about the installed options (Sockets, UV)
- Information about Options relays
- Information about Analog inputs (only visible when option is activated)

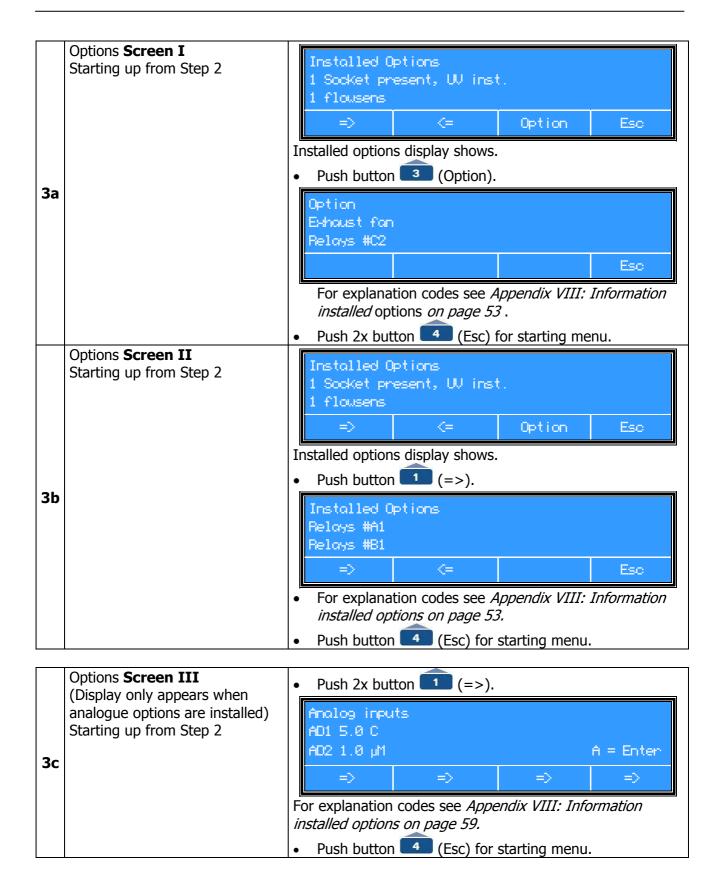






Information about the installed options





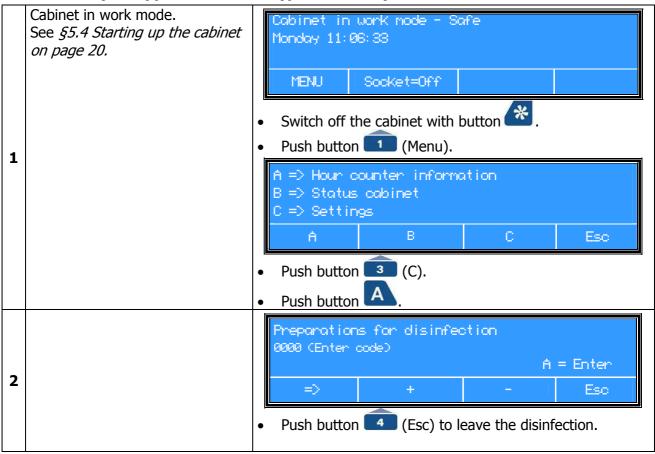


5.13 Settings

In settings more details are given about:

- Preparations for disinfection
- Activating the user code
- Factory adjustments
- Testing of alarms
- Change the user code
- Change language

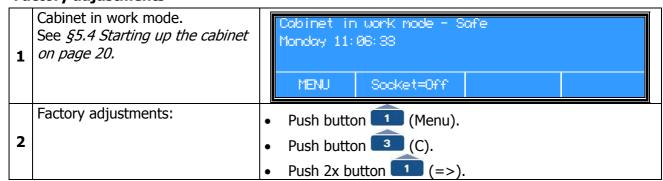
Disinfection (Not applicable for this type of cabinet)



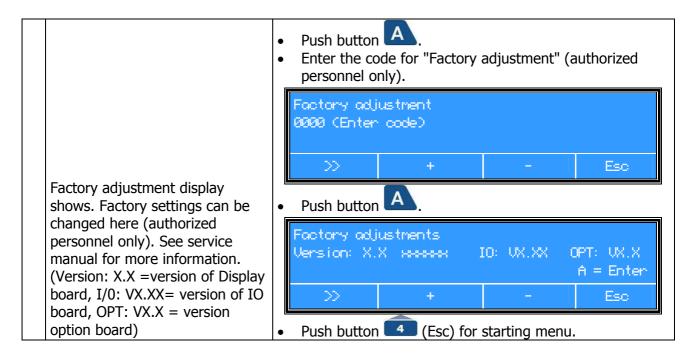
Activating the user code

See Appendix IX: User code on page 62.

Factory adjustments







Testing of alarms

For service purposes only! More information given in

Appendix VI: Alarm-test procedure on page 56. Cabinet in work mode. Cabinet in work mode - Safe See §5.4 Starting up the cabinet Monday 11:06:33 on page 20. 1 MENU Socket=Off Push button and (C). Push 3x button . Push button **2** Testing of alarms display shows: Testing of alarms 0000 (Enter code) A = Enter Esc Enter service code. The various values of the fan and velocities are shown on the For service purposes only! display. In case of interference, inform you service organization.

Change the user code

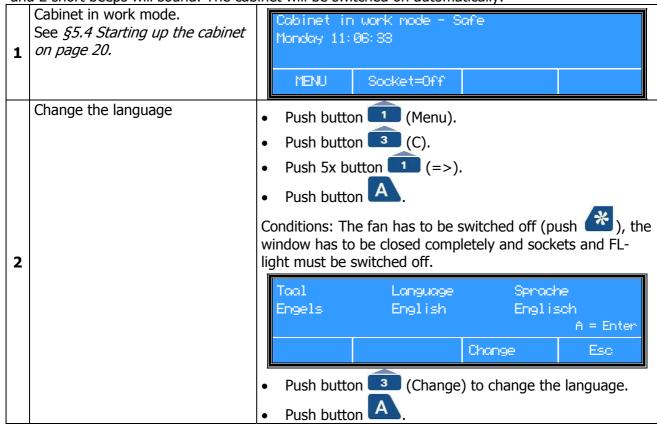
See Appendix IX: User code on page 62.



Change language

To change the language, first close the window, switch off the cabinet and all functions. Then the language can be changed and confirmed. As confirmation the 3 LED's (right) light up for 1 second

and 2 short beeps will sound. The cabinet will be switched on automatically.





6 **Alarms**

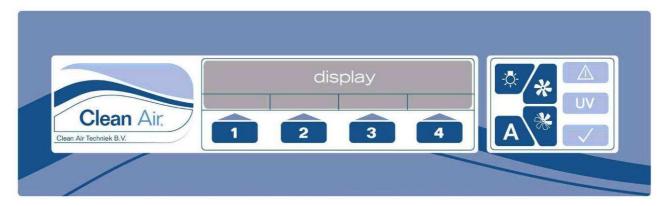


Figure 8 Operating panel

When there is an alarm situation the alarm indicator flashes red and there is an acoustic signal. The safe working conditions are no longer granted.

Push button A for giving an acknowledgement that the user has seen the alarm. The acoustic signal will mute, the alarm indicator will (always) keep on burning. Before acknowledging the alarm, the user code must be entered (only when the user code is activated).

An acknowledged alarm (with button A) shall be repeated every 7 minutes, as long as the alarm situation continues.

The buzzer has a SPL, sound pressure level, of at least 10 dB (A more than the sound pressure of the working cabinet. See Appendix X: Required specifications on page 64.



GENERAL DANGER

Make sure that there are no alarm situations during the use of the cabinet.

Never work with a cabinet with activated alarm signals.

The different types of alarm signals will be discussed in the following chapter.

6.1 Flow alarms

If one of the following alarms occurs and no apparent cause can be found, the service department has to be contacted. They will ask for the status of the cabinet, which helps to find possible causes (see §5.12 Information status cabinet on page 33).

Downflow too low

Downflow too low

Figure 9

Product protecting downflow is too low.



Product protection becomes less, there is a chance that aerosols from the outside go into the working area.

Downflow too high

Downflow too high

Figure 10

Product protecting downflow is too high.

Product protection stays intact.

6.2 Other alarms

Other alarms are:

Fan failure

Fan failure

Figure 11

Most likely the fuse is broken. Replace it with a new one. If the alarm is still there, contact your service organization.

To reset this alarm you must disconnect the power plug from the main voltage.

Communication error

Communication error

Figure 12

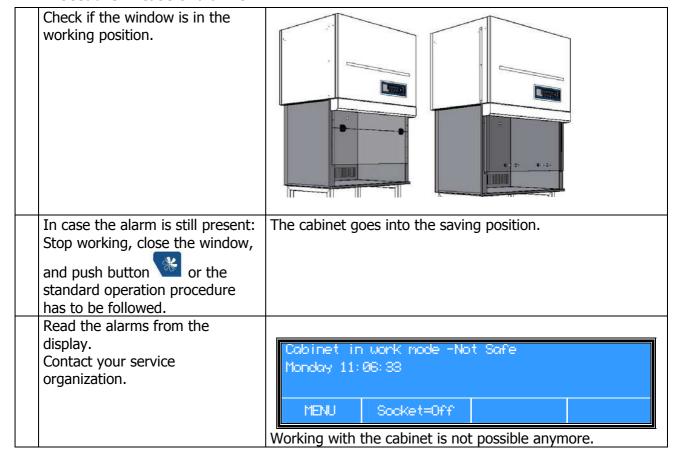
Contact your service organization.

		Overview po	ssible alarms
	No alarm	Downflow too low	Downflow too high
Product protection:	Yes	No	Yes

Table 1: Alarm situations in work position



Procedure in case of alarms





7 Cleaning

Only the responsible safety officer (safety officer or the responsible examiner) can decide if this procedure is valid or not. Additional standard operation procedures can be necessary.

7.1 Cleaning the installation

The installation has to be cleaned regularly. Preferably, each time after the installation has been used. Diluted disinfectants may be used. In most cases, hot water with a cleaning agent will be sufficient.

Chlorine containing cleaning agent is not recommended, because even small concentrations chlorine may result in an oxidizing effect on the material of the installation.

It is important to clean the worktop (see § 4.4 on page 13) regularly. A 1% solution of Natriumdodecylsulfat * (SDS-solution CAS-no. 151-21-3) in demineralised water could be applied for cleaning.

Remove the waste and place it in an appropriate container.

*) Literature:

See Mallinckrodt J.T. Baker data sheet: SDS is MSDS number No S3670 Mallinckrodt Baker Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865

Procedure for cleaning the cabinet

Never clean a used installation without precaution (for instance disinfection)

- Switch the installation in the working mode (see §5.4 Starting up the cabinet on page 20);
- Put on gloves;
- Clean the surface with the cleaning-solution on a tissue;
- Repeat this action with a new tissue;
- Clean the surface with a moist cloth;
- Repeat this action;
- Dry the surface with a paper tissue.

7.2 Cleaning the UV-light (optional)

Never clean a used installation without precaution (for instance disinfection)

DANGER FOR ELECTROCUTION

The UV-light must be cleaned regularly with alcohol (70%). Put on gloves and switch of the cabinet and let the UV-light cool down before cleaning. After cleaning the UV-light tube must be dried before using it.

8 Small maintenance and testing

BE CAREFUL!!

Before starting service with the cabinet a written declaration "that the cabinet is decontaminated" must be present. The responsible person (laboratory supervisor) will decide if the cabinet has to be decontaminated so that when servicing the installation and the HEPA-filters there is no danger for the service engineer, labour personnel, the laboratory and the surroundings of the cabinet.

8.1 Periodic maintenance

A periodic maintenance has to take place regularly. To a certain extent, this depends on the frequency of use of the cabinet. Contact your service organization for advice. Guideline for testing and maintenance given Clean Air Techniek B.V. is every 12 months at least.

- Validate the system on safety;
- Check for correct functioning of the electrical system;
- Check the HEPA filter for efficiency and leakage;
- Verification/calibration of the assembled air speed sensor(s);
- Check and adjust the alarm system.

8.2 Replacement of the pre-filter

(See 4.7 Pre-filter on page 14)

Supplies needed:

- Plastic bag (minimum measurement 75x75 [cm] with closure);
- Two pair of gloves;
- Tape.

Procedure:

- Switch off the installation;
- Put on the gloves;
- Fold the edge of the plastic bag ± 10 cm;

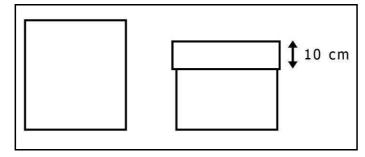


Figure 13 Folding the edge of the bag \pm 10 cm

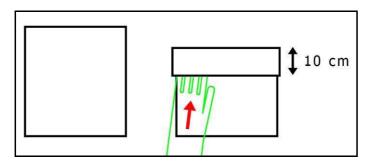


Figure 14 Positioning the left hand in the plastic bag

- Pull the pre-filter cassette(s) with your right hand;
- Put the filter into the plastic bag;
- Fold back the edge of the plastic bag, not touching the inner side of the plastic bag;
- Press the air out of the bag;
- Seal the plastic bag airtight;
- Remove the plastic bag and place it in an appropriate container;
- Put on new gloves;
- Place a new pre-filter cassette(s) in the frame;
- Remove the gloves and put them in the appropriate container.

8.3 Replacing the fluorescent-light (FL light)

When an FL light needs to be changed switch off the power of the installation. Replace the FL tube by a new one (see *Figure 15*).



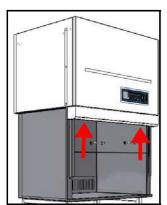


Figure 15 Position of the FL-tube

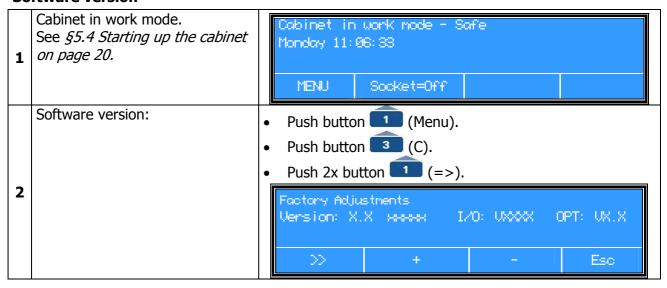


8.4 Service contact

For advice or any technical questions please contact your service organisation. Please refer to the following items:

- 1. Type, Class, Project number and Serial number mentioned on the type plate (for the position of the type plate see *page 12* and *page 58*);
- 2. Version number of the software used in the cabinet.

Software version



8.5 Service Contract

For information and orders concerning service or service contracts please contact Clean Air Techniek B.V.

8.6 Testing

Recommended tests for first installation or after changing the HEPA filters are:

- Velocity tests (see Appendix IV Measuring method air velocities on page 54);
- Filter Integrity tests (see Appendix III: Efficiency test of the HEPA-filters on page 53);
- Alarm tests (see Appendix VI: Alarm-test procedure on page 56).

Recommended tests after installing with a regular interval are:

- Velocity tests (see Appendix IV Measuring method air velocities on page 54);
- Filter Integrity tests (see Appendix III: Efficiency test of the HEPA-filters on page 53);
- Alarm tests (see Appendix VI: Alarm-test procedure on page 56).



9 Technical specifications

9.1 Physical surrounding

Transport physics		DLF/PCR 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
Surrounding temperature	[°C]	From -25 up to 55			
Surrounding temperature (max 24 [h])	[°C]	From -25 up to 75			
Humidity	[%]	20 - 90	20 - 90	20 - 90	20 - 90
In use physics		DLF/PCR 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
Surrounding temperature	[°C]	15 – 30	15 – 30	15 – 30	15 – 30
Humidity (not condensed)	[%]	30 - 80	30 - 80	30 - 80	30 - 80

9.2 General specifications

		DLF/PCR 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
Dimensions					
Front aperture (Work mode) lxh	[mm]	885x165	1190x165	1495x165	1800x165
Front aperture maximum height	[mm]			window: 375 window: 445	
Outer meas. (without support frame (lxhxd)	[mm]	985x1360x740	1290x1360x740	1595x1360x740	1900x1360x740
Height including. Support frame 900 [mm]	[mm]	2240	2240	2240	2240
Interior dimensions (lxhxd)		885x685x600	1190x685x600	1495x685x600	1800x685x600
Working area (lxd)	[mm]	885x600	1190x600	1495x600	1800x600
Mass	[kg]	140	170	200	230
Filter		DLF/PCR 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
Pre-filter	[mm]	G4 (EN 779)	G4 (EN 779)	G4 (EN 779)	G4 (EN 779)
D G CII	[mm]	1x Cassette HEPA 6P9+	1x Cassette HEPA 12P9+	2x Cassette HEPA15P6+	2x Cassette m HEPA 18P6+
Downflow filter	[111111]	H14 acc. EN	H14 acc. EN	H14 acc. EN	H14 acc. EN
		1822	1822	1822	1822
Performance		DLF/PCR 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
Sound level (according to ISO 11201)	[dB A]	≤ 58	≤ 58	≤ 58	≤ 58
Average downflow speed (in work mode)	[m/s]	0,35 ±0,05 *1	0,35 ±0,05 *1	0,35 ±0,05 *1	0,35 ±0,05 *1
Average downflow speed (in standby mode)	[m/s]	0,20 ± 0,05	0,20 ± 0,05	0,20 ± 0,05	0,20 ± 0,05
Airflow +/- 10% (work mode)	[m ³ /h]	680	900	1150	1360
*1 As where no individual measurement shou	ıld diffor n	aara than 200/ fra	m the mean		

 st^{1} As where no individual measurement should differ more than 20% from the mean.

Electrics		DLF/PCR 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
Power connection	[V] [Hz]	230 +/- 5% 50	230 +/- 5% 50	230 +/- 5% 50	230 +/- 5% 50
Needed main fuse box security	[A]	16	16	16	16
J6: Alarm, potential free contact	[V]	Max. 48	Max. 48	Max. 48	Max. 48
Electrical insulation	[A]	Max. 1 Class 1	Max. 1 Class 1	Max. 1 Class 1	Max. 1 Class 1
Electrical safety IEC 61000-4-11		Class A	Class A	Class A	Class A
Installation cat.		II	II	II	II
Power sockets	U _{max.} [V]	230	230	230	230
	I _{max} [A] P _{max.} [W]	3,15 725	3,15 725	3,15 725	3,15 725
Power consumption in standby	r _{max.} [vv]	725	725	725	723
mode (with light switched off)	P [J/s,W]	236	258	276	297
excl. maximum power socket	I [A]	1,03	1,12	1,2	1,29
Power consumption in work	<u> </u>				
mode (with light switched on)	P _{nom} [J/s,W]	382	428	474	518
excl. maximum power socket	I _{nom.} [A]	1,66	1,86	2,06	2,25
Power consumption in work	P _{nom}				
mode (with light switched on)	[J/s,W]	1106	1152	1198	1242
incl. maximum power socket	$I_{\text{nom.}}\left[A\right]$	4,81	5,01	5,21	5,4
Power consumption in max					
mode fan (with light switched	P _{max}	733	768	768	791
on) excl. maximum power	[J/s,W] I _{max.} [A]	3,19	3,34	3,34	3,44
socket	-IIIdX.[, 1]				
Power consumption in max	P _{max}				
mode fan (with light switched	[J/s,W]	1458 6,34	1493 6,49	1493 6,49	1516 6,59
on) incl. maximum power socket	I _{max} .[A]	0,5 1	37.13	37.13	3,33
Linktina		DLF/PCR 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
Lighting The High output		1x	1x	1x	1x
TL-High output Color		White	White	White	White
Diameter	[mm]	Ø26	Ø26	Ø26	Ø26
	[mm]	589	892	1198	1500
Length	[W]	18	30	36	58
Power Intensity (mean)	[Lux]	> 800	> 800	> 800	> 800
Title isity (illeail)	[=4/]			7 000	7 000
Fuses I/O board		DLF/PCR 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
F1: PCB; 24 [V]	[A] T	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
F2: Option	[A] T	3,15	3,15	3,15	3,15
F3: Lighting	[A] T	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6
F4: UV	[A] T	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
F6: Socket 1	[A] T	3,15	3,15	3,15	3,15
F7: Fan	[A] T	8	8	8	8
F8: PCB	[A] T	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6
F9: PCB	[A] T	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6



Options:

UV		DLF/PCR* 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
Туре		UV-C	UV-C	UV-C	UV-C
Power	[W]	15	30	30	30
Length UV-wave	[nm]	253	253	253	253
Diameter	[mm]	Ø 28	Ø 28	Ø 28	Ø 28
Length	[mm]	450	892	892	892

^{*}PCR is standard delivered with UV disinfection

Bunsen burner		DLF/PCR 360	DLF 460	DLF 560	DLF 660
Voltage	[V] DC	9	9	9	9
Power	[W]	2	2	2	2

See also Appendix X: Required specifications *on page* 64 and Appendix XI: Recommended spare parts list *on page* 65.



10 Trouble shooting

Fault Cause Remedy

No power on socket of the cabinet	Socket is not activated	Activate socket on display push on 2
	Fuse is broken	Replace the fuse
UV button is not visible on display	UV equipment is not installed	X
	Option UV is not programmed	UV option has to be programmed please contact your service organization
FL-light is not working	Contacts of the FL are not locking in the power connections	Turn the FL-light slightly
	UV light is on	Switch of the UV light
Cabinet is locked	User code must be entered	Enter the user code (or de-activate the user code see § 5.13 Change the user code on page 37)



Appendix I: Support frame DLF

For every type of cabinet from DLF-series a specific support frame is available.

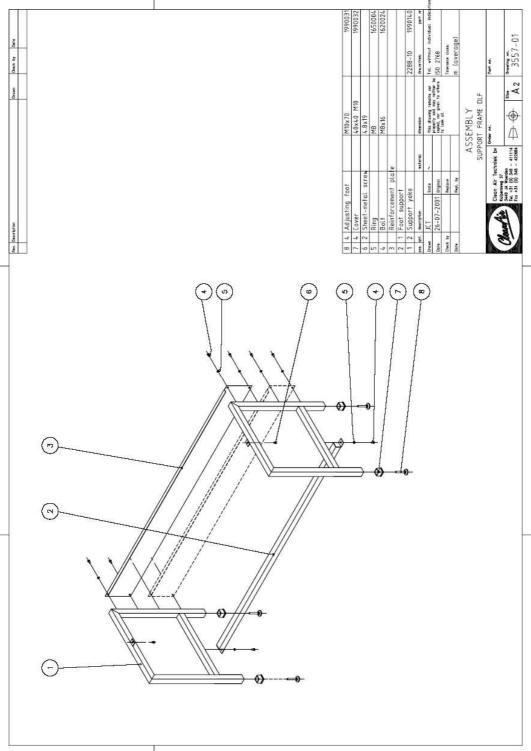


Figure 16 Example of a support frame



Appendix II: Replacement of the HEPA-filters

BE CAREFUL!!

Before starting service with the cabinet a written declaration "that the cabinet is decontaminated" must be present. The responsible person (laboratory supervisor) will decide if the cabinet has to be decontaminated so that when servicing the installation and the HEPA-filters there is no danger for the service engineer, labour personnel, the laboratory and the surroundings of the cabinet.

Clean Air Techniek B.V. strongly recommends special trained technicians to carry out filter exchange. Certified service organizations are recommended. At all times keep to the written procedures in this manual!

1. When does a HEPA filter need to be replaced?

Under normal circumstances the serviceable life time of a HEPA filter is several years (mostly between 5 and 10 years). The filter should be replaced whenever the air velocity and/or the filter Integrity are no longer in compliance with the required specifications. The cabinet has a microprocessor that is automatically regulating the fan speed to compensate for main power fluctuations and filter pollution.

2. replacing the downflow HEPA-filter

Make sure that the cabinet has been properly decontaminated so as to ensure that no danger exists for the service engineer, the laboratory personnel and the environment. If the customer has a special procedure for the disposal of contaminated material, then this should be followed. In case the service engineer does not think that this is sufficient, then proper precautions should be made in consultation with the person responsible for the cabinet. If there is no special procedure it is best to wear at least gloves and the protective clothing normally worn during work with the cabinet. It is also advised to have a breathe protection e.g. with a semi-facial mask with HEPA filters.

Supplies needed:

- Plastic bag with closure (minimum measurement depends on the volume of the HEPA filter);
- Two pair of gloves;
- Semi-facial mask with HEPA filters;
- Tools (knife, spanner or socket wrench, Alien key);
- Tape;
- Chemical disposal container or chemical disposal procedure.

Removing the old HEPA filter

- Switch off the cabinet and pull out the power plug;
- Put on the gloves and keep an extra pair ready for use;
- Put on your breathe protection e.g. with a semi-facial mask with HEPA filters;
- Remove the top panel;
- Loosen the bolts of the pressure construction;
- Take the HEPA filter out of the cabinet and put it into an appropriate plastic bag;
- Seal the plastic bag airtight;
- Remove the gloves and put them in the appropriate container.



Position the new HEPA filter

- Unpack the new filter, check specifications and register the serial number and specifications;
- Filter certificate has to be stored on a safe place;
- Put Vaseline on the seal of the HEPA filter (both sides);
- Position the HEPA filter (take care for possible damage of the sealings!);
- Place the new HEPA-filter;
- Put the cabinet together in the reverse way as described above;
- Put of your gloves and put these in an appropriate bag;
- Do an efficiency test according to the procedure described in Appendix III.

The valid procedures for the disposal of possible contaminated material must always be followed. When the service engineer thinks this is not enough this will be discussed with the responsible person so that enough precautions can be made.

Appendix III: Efficiency test of the HEPA-filters

ATTENTION!

Before starting service with the cabinet always ask the responsible person if there is no danger for the service engineer, labor personnel, the laboratory and the surrounding of the cabinet.

Clean Air Techniek B.V. strongly recommends special trained technicians to carry out filter tests. Certified service organizations are recommended. At all times keep to the written procedures in this manual!

Requirements

Efficiency test by means of a particle counter

The HEPA-filter must have an efficiency of 99,995% MPPS*. A local measured value can be a factor 10 higher, $\leq 0.05\%$.

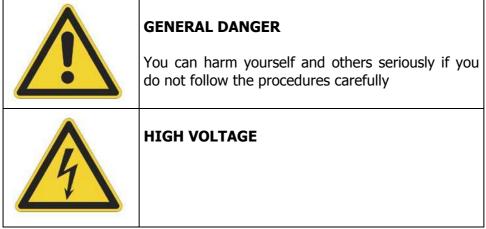
*) Most Penetrating Particle Size

Efficiency test with a photometer

The HEPA-filter must have an efficiency of 99,99%. A local measured value must be \leq 0,01%. When a HEPA-filter does not meet the EN1822, it is allowed to repair it. The surface of the reparation must not be more that 5% of the total surface of the HEPA-filter. When this does not have sufficient effect the HEPA-filter must be replaced as described in Appendix II: Replacement of the HEPA-filters on page 51.

Test aerosol

Switch off the installation. Test aerosol can be added on the fan suction side after removing the pre-filter on top of the cabinet. Place a metal grid on the position of the removed pre-filter to prevent contact with the rotating fan and electronic components. Switch on the installation.



The 100% measure point (upstream concentration) of the downflow HEPA-filter is positioned on the top of the downflow plenum. The HEPA filter can be scanned on the downstream side.



Appendix IV Measuring method air velocities

Requirements

The measurement of air velocities in the cabinet is performed according to manufacturer specifications as described in chapter 9 on page 46.

Air velocities downflow

- Switch on the cabinet;
- Measure the airspeeds in a rectangular grid with a distance between each measurement point of no greater than 300 x 300 mm. The rectangular grid must be 150 mm away from each side that encloses the filter.
- Measure with an anemometer in a horizontal plane at 150 mm from the HEPA filter
- This measurement must be done for at least one minute on each position.



Appendix V: Lay-out boards

Interface board

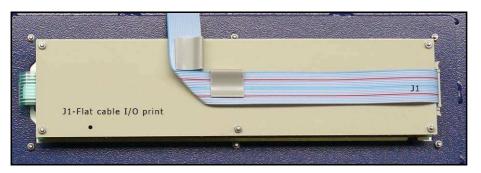


Figure 17 Interface board

Control board

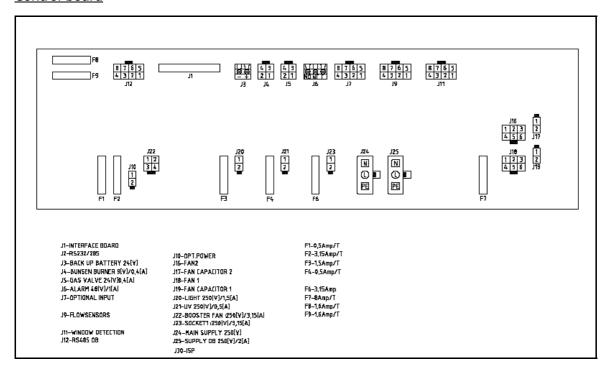


Figure 18 Control board E010001 rev F



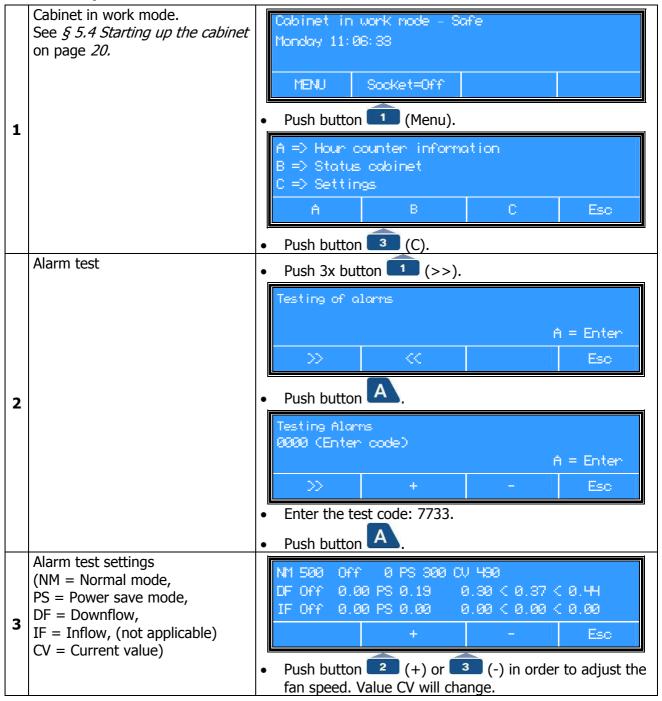
Appendix VI: Alarm-test procedure

(Authorized personnel only)

To test the alarm limits, the automatic fan control must be overruled, so the fan power can be set by hand. The entire state of the cabinet will stay unchanged, except for the fan-power. The required test-code is 7733.

In this state, each 30 second, two short audible signals will be heard, to be remembered at the initial unsafe mode. After 30 minutes after the last button is touched, the fan returns to its work mode.

Alarm-test procedure





Middle numbers are the actual values from the airspeed indicators, which are changeable with the use of the buttons (+) and (3) (-).

First and last values are the set up alarm borders (for example: Downflow DF: lowest level is 0.30 m/s, highest level is 0.44 m/s and the actual value for downflow velocity is 0.37 m/s). The fan speed is shown in tenths of percents ($0 = \min$ and $1000 = \max$.).

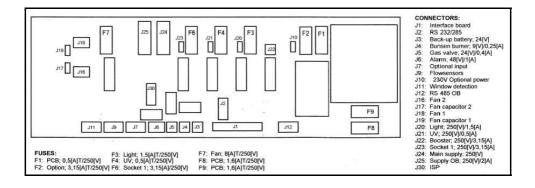


Appendix VII: Stickers

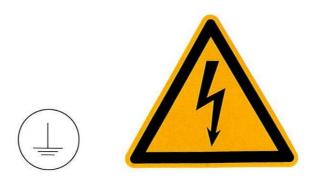
1) Sticker cabinet type. This sticker can be found on the outside, on top of the cabinet. For an example of the sticker, see the picture underneath.



2) Sticker I/O board.



3) Electro



Appendix VIII: Information installed options

Installed options microprocessor

This chapter describes the codes from § 5.12 Information about the installed options on page 34. Menu B from the microprocessor.

- Start up in "Menu-Display",
- Push button (Menu),
- Push button (B),
- Push button (=>) for screen I,
- Push button (=>) for screen II,
- Push button (=>) for screen III.

Screen I Installed options – Option



Figure 19 Example of screen I

Explanation of the codes from the menu:

- #E0: no electrical window;
- #E1: electrical window; no functionality for fan; (only available for EF/S series)
- #E2: work mode, if cabinet is switched on;
- #C3 = relay K2 on option print;



Screen II Installed options – relays



Figure 20 Example of screen II

Overview functions of relay K8, #A1-A12

```
Alarm #A1 - #A12 relay switching K8, on output J5 at the IO print:
Set up from #A1 until #A12:
      Relay ON = A & (HD * LD * HI * LI)
                                              DEFAULT
Α1
A2
      Relay ON = A \& (HD * LD * HI * LI * R)
A3
      Relay ON = W & (HD * LD * HI * LI)
Α4
      Relay ON = W & (HD * LD * HI * LI * R)
A5
      Relay ON = W & (HD * LD)
Α6
      Relay ON = A & (HD * LD)
Α7
      Relay OFF = A & (HD * LD * HI * LI)
A8
      Relay OFF = A & (HD * LD * HI * LI * R)
Α9
      Relay OFF = W & (HD * LD * HI * LI)
A10
      Relay OFF = W & (HD * LD * HI * LI * R)
A11
      Relay OFF = W & (HD * LD)
```

A12 Relay OFF = A & (HD * LD) Explanation codes used above:

W = Working mode, S = Save mode, A = Cabinet on and spare mode, HD = High downflow alarm, LD = Low downflow alarm, HI = High inflow alarm, LI = Low inflow alarm, R = Window alarm, & = AND function, = OR function.

Functions are factory adjustments and cannot be changed by the user.

Overview functions of relay K3, #B1-B5

Alarm #B1 - #B5 relay switching K3, on output J22 at the IO print:

- #B1: the K3 relay is activated if the main fan is switched on (working mode / saving mode);
- #B2: the K3 relay is activated if the main fan is on half speed mode (saving mode);
- #B3: the K3 relay is activated if the main fan is in the working mode;
- #B4: the K3 relay is activated if the option Disinfection in the menu is chosen;
- #B5: the K3 relay is activated if there is an alarm from the analogue inputs.

Overview functions of relay K2, #C1-C5

Alarm #C1 - #C5 relay switching K2, on output J14 at the Option print:

- #C1: the K2 relay is activated if the main fan is switched on (working mode/ saving mode);
- #C2: the K2 relay is activated if the main fan is on half speed mode (saving mode);
- #C3: the K2 relay is activated if the main fan is in the working mode;
- #C4: the K2 relay is activated if in the menu is chosen for the option Disinfection;
- #C5: the K2 relay is activated if there is an alarm from the analogue inputs.



Screen III Analogue inputs (only if installed)



Figure 21 Example of screen III

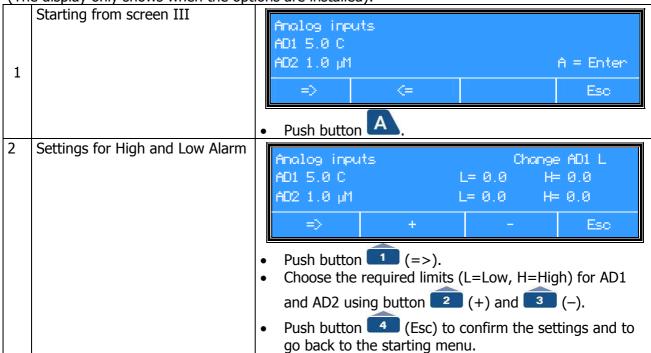
Analogue inputs can be used to program alarm settings for e.g.:

- temperature (°C) of working surface;
- temperature (°C) of work area;
- particle counters (ppm);
- relative humidity (%);
- pressure (Pa) in plenum.

If alarm limits are exceeded, an alarm will sound as short beeps with intervals.

To install alarm limits, start from the menu as described in § 5.12 Information status cabinet on page 33.

(The display only shows when the options are installed):



An alarm can be transferred, depending on the code:

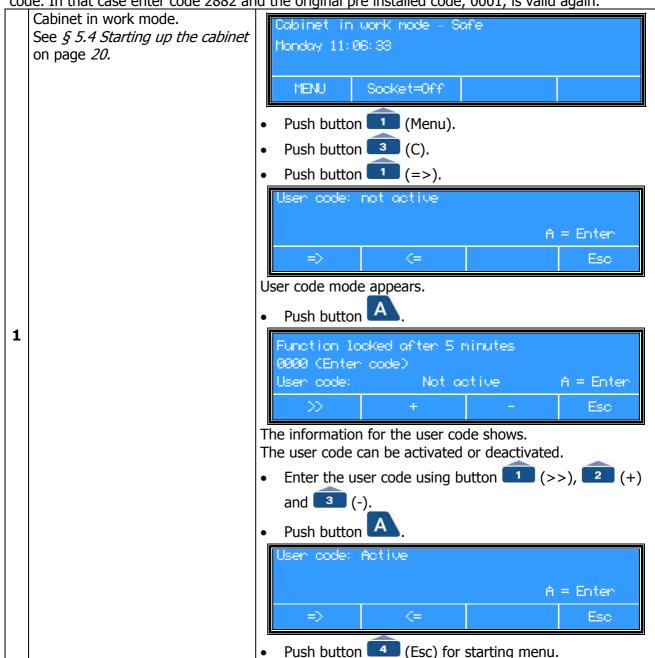
- #B5, through relay K3;
- #C5, through relay K2 (option print).



Appendix IX: User code

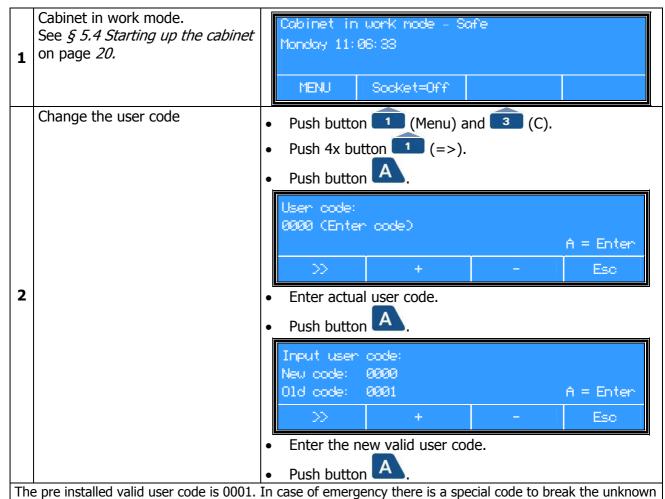
Activating the user code

The function "User code Active/not active" makes it possible to lock the control of the installation. To change this state the valid user code has to be entered. The new state (active or not active) is valid after a period of 5 minutes (after touching the last button). The pre installed valid user code is 0001. In case of emergency there is a special code to break the unknown or forgotten user code. In that case enter code 2882 and the original pre installed code, 0001, is valid again.





Changing the user code



or forgotten user code. In that case enter code 2882 and the original pre installed code, 0001, is valid again.



Appendix X: Required specifications

Overview of the required specifications

Specifications	Requirement (shortened)	According to:
Lighting	Average value at least 540 lux at locations on side to side center line of work surface	IEST-RP-CC-002.3:2009
Sound level	<65 [dB(A)] when background level is <55 [dB(A)] according to ISO11201.	ISO 11201
Sound level Buzzer	Exceed 10 [dB(A)] more than installation sound pressure	Manufatcurer specifications
Materials, general	The material likely to be in contact with micro organisms should be uniformly corrosion resistant, non-flammable and non-absorbing	Manufatcurer specifications
Materials, general	Materials and sealants for joints should be durable and resistant to cleaning and disinfection agents and resistant to general use of cabinet.	Manufacturer specifications
Glass & frontwindow	Safety glass or UV-resistant safety plastics	Manufacturer specifications
Glass and front windows	Conform to EN 12100-1:2003 and 12100-2:2003	EN 12100-1:2003 and 12100-2:2003
Electrical safety	Conform to EN 61010	EN 61010
Gas supply (optional) safety	Conform to EN 12100-1:2003 and 12100-2:2003	EN 12100-1:2003 and 12100-2:2003
Ergonomics	Maintenance can be carried out safely on the cabinet after installation	Manufacturer specifications
Ergonomics	Considered according to prEN ISO 14738:1997	to prEN ISO 14738:1997
Filter efficiency test / Aerosol	Particle counter: <0,05%	IEST-RP-CC-002.3:2009
challenge method	Aerosol photometer: <0,01%	ISO 14644-3:2005
Workspace classifcation	Maximum permitted number of particles / m³ at rest :	ISO 14644-1:1999 / GMP
	0,5 μm = 3520, 5,0 μm =20	Annex 1, March 2009
Design and airflow velocities	V _{avg} 0,35 +/- 0,05 m/s in work mode as where no individual measurement should differ more than 20% from the mean	Manufacturer specifications



Appendix XI: Recommended spare parts list

Component	Type specific	Art. no.
Downflow HEPA filter	DLF/PCR 360	1000916
Pre-filter	DLF/PCR 360	1080007
Spring*	DLF/PCR 360	2700279
Fan	DLF/PCR 360	3000033
FL-lighting	DLF/PCR 360	1440005
FL-Holder	DLF/PCR 360	1460004
Downflow HEPA filter	DLF 460	1001216
Pre-filter	DLF 460	1080007
Spring*	DLF 460	2700280
Fan	DLF 460	3000033
FL-lighting	DLF 460	1440004
FL-Holder	DLF 460	1460003
Downflow HEPA filter	DLF 560	1001516
Pre-filter	DLF 560	1080007
Spring*	DLF 560	2700281
Fan	DLF 560	3000033
FL-lighting	DLF 560	1440003
FL-Holder	DLF 560	1460002
Downflow HEPA filter	DLF 660	1001816
Pre-filter	DLF 660	1080007
Spring*	DLF 660	2700282
Fan	DLF 660	3000033
FL-lighting	DLF 660	1440003
FL-Holder	DLF 660	1460002

^{*}for slit window only



Component	Type specific	Art. no.
Air velocity-sensor downflow	All	1330023
Starter FL	All	2040001
Mains filter	All	6400010
Optional:		
Gas-/vacuum tap	All	2800013/2800048
Bunsenburner	All	Misc.
UV-tube	DLF/PCR* 360	1440007
UV-tube	DLF 460 DLF 560 DLF 660	1440008
UV holder	All	2030003
UV starter	All	2040001
Ballast UV	DLF/PCR* 360	1240008
Ballast UV	DLF 460 DLF 560 DLF 660	1240003
Nightdoor	DLF/PCR* 360	1180360
Nightdoor	DLF 460	1180460
Nightdoor	DLF 560	1180560
Nightdoor	DLF 660	1180660

^{*}PCR is standard delivered with UV disinfection and nightdoor

Articles mentioned above can be ordered at the service organization Particle Measurement & Validation b.v.

Particle Measurement & Validation b.v. Phone: +31 (0) 348 423661 Kuipersweg 37 Fax: +31 (0) 348 422684 3449 JA Woerden E-mail: info@pmvbv.nl The Netherlands Internet: www.pmvbv.nl

Appendix XII: TUV Low Pressure Mercury Lamps (Optional)

Special fluorescent lamps

Disinfection

Philips TUV disinfection lamps are low-pressure mercury-vapour discharge lamps consisting of a tubular glass envelope, emitting short-wave ultraviolet radiation with a radiation peak at 253.7 nm (UV-C) for germicidal action. The glass filters out the 185 nm ozone-forming line. A protective coating on the inside limits the depreciation of the useful UV-C radiation output (Longlife lamps). PL-S have a specially adapted starter providing almost instant starting characteristics already built into the lamp base. Note The UV-C radiation output of these lamps is indicated by the following warning signs





Dimensions in mm



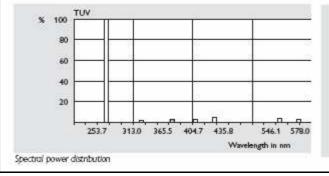


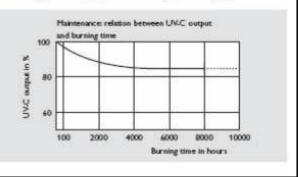
Applications

Philips TUV lamps are used for killing or inactivating bacteria, viruses and other primitive organisms. Typical application examples include air, water and surface disinfection in hospitals, bacteriological research and pharmaceutical institutions, and food processing industries, such as dairies, breweries and bakeries. They are also used for the disinfection of drinking water, waste water, swimming pools, air conditioning systems, cold storage rooms, packing material, etc. Finally, they are applied in a variety of photochemical processes.

Note: Radiation of these lamps is harmful to eyes and skin. Installations with these lamps are to be screened off completely.

Туре		Cap/ base	Lamp voltage V	Lamp current A	UVC radiation W	Useful life h	Deprectation 5000 hrs %	Nett weight g
TUV			11.5		252411		95,6%	
TUV 4W		G5	29	0.17	0.7	5000	30	16
TUV 6W		G5	42	0.16	1.5	8000	25	22
TUV 8W		G5	56	0.15	2.1	8000	20	29
TUV 11W		G5	37	0.33	2.1	8000	25	22
TUV 16W		G5	46	0.35	3.4	8000	20	29
TUV 10W		G13	45	0.23	2.5	8000	10	62
TUV 15W		G13	.51	0.34	4.6	8000	12	75
TUV 25W		G13	46	0.60	7.0	8000	12	7.5
TUV 30W		G13	100	0.37	11.2	8000	12	140
TUV 36W		G13	103	0.44	14.6	8000	12	186
TUV 55W	HO	G13	83	0.77	16.5	8000	12	140
TUV 75W	HO	G13	108	0.84	25.5	8000	12	140
TUV 115W	VHO	G13	92	1.50	37.7	5000	12	290
TUV 115W	-RVHO	G13	92	1.50	31.0	5000	15	293
TUV PLS	2-2100-	1.6090	516	1,577.07	1.700	900.000		
TUV 5W	PLS	G23.	34	0.18	1.0	8000	15	30
TUV 9W	PLS	G23	60	0.17	2.4	8000	15	41
TUV 11W	PL-S	G23	89	0.16	3.6	8000	15	58
TUV PL-L	LEWING	20000	354	5-5-63	4112.50	Services.	37531	544
TUV 18W	PLL	2G11	60	0.37	5.5	8000	15	66
TUV 36W	PLL	2G11	105	0.44	12.0	8000	15	1:14
TUV 55W HF	PLL	2G11	103	0.54	17.0	8000	15	145
	- VC162-0	500000	9.57	8775	600			5110







Appendix XIII: Statement of the agreement for machines

Manufacturer:	Clean Air Techniek B.V.
Address:	Kuipersweg 37 3449 JA Woerden The Netherlands Phone: +31 (0) 348 411114 Fax: +31 (0) 348 422684 E-mail: info@cleanair.eu Internet: www.cleanair.eu
Hereby declares that:	
Type: Project number: Serial number:	
Machine DirectiveLow Voltage Directive	the following directives: (2006/42/EC); ctive (2006/95/EC); Compatibility Directive (2004/108/EC).
used:	nore that the following national technical standards and specifications are h efficiency particulate air filters;
Signature:	
Name:	
Quality controller By order of the produ	iction controller
Woerden, date	

suaix XI	IV: Memo		
_			

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